Brazilian Meteorites

Meteoritos Brasileiros View project

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BRAZILIAN METEORITES

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Descrition Materials

	Brazilian Me	teo	rites
N°	Name	UF	Date
1	Angra dos Reis	RJ	1869
2	Angra dos Reis II	RJ	(?)
3	Avanhandava	SP	1952
4	Balsas	MA	1974
5	Barbacena	MG	1918
6	Bendegó	BA	1784
7	Blumenau	SC	?
8	Bocaiúva	MG	1961
9	Cacilândia	GO	
10	Campos Sales	CE	1991
11	Casimiro de Abreu	RJ	1947
12	Conquista	MG	1965
13	Cratheùs	CE	1909
14	Gov. Valadares	MG	1958
15	Ibitira	MG	1957
16	Iguaraçu	PR	1977
	Indianópolis	MG	1989
	Ipiranga	PR	1972
	Ipitinga	PA	1989
	Itapicuru-Mirim	MA	1879
	Itapuranga	GO	1977
	Itutinga	MG	?
	Macau	RN	1836
24	Mafra	SC	1941
25	Maria da Fé	MG	1982
26	Marilia	SP	1971
27	Minas Gerais	MG	1888
28	Morro do Roccio	SC	<1928
29	Nova Petropolis	RS	1967
	Paracutu	MG	
31	Pará de Minas	MG	1934
32	Parambú	CE	1964
33	Paranaiba	MT	1956
34	Patos de Minas I	MG	1925
35	Patos de Minas II	MG	?
36	Patrimônio	MG	1950
37	Piedade do Bagre	MG	1922
	Pirapora	MG	1950
	Putinga	RS	1937
	Quijingue	BA	1980
	Rio Negro	PR	1934
	Rio do Pires	BA	?
	Sanclerlândia	GO	1971
	Santa Barbara	RS	1873
	Santa Catarina	SC	1875
	Santa Luzia	GO	1925
47	S. J. Nepomuceno		?
	S. José Rio Preto	SP	1962
	Serra de Magé	PE	1923
	Sete Lagoas	MG	1908
	Soledade	RS	1982
	Uberaba	MG	1903
	Uruaçu	GO	1986
	/eríssimo	GO	1965

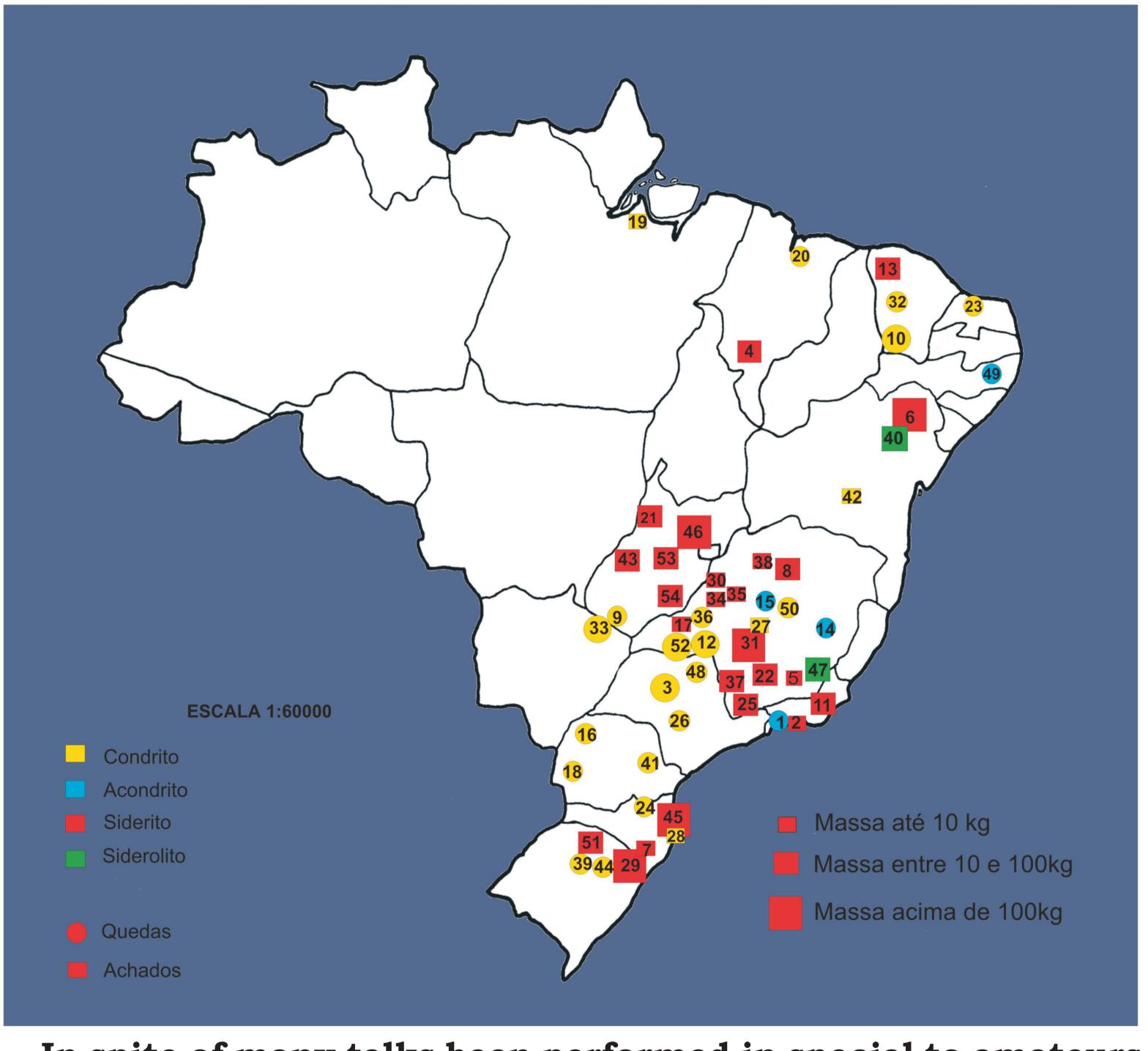
Private collectors

Dr Hardy Grunewaldt Mr. Wilton de Carvalho Dr. Carlos José Vieira

Private Possessions

Balsas -Blumenau-Ibitira - sold Indianópolis -sold? Maria da Fé-½ Nova Petrópolis-Patos de Minas II ? Quijingue - sold Rio do Pires -Uruaçu - for sale Veríssimo -

Although only 54 meteorites have been recovered in Brazil, it is awarded with very rare and singular meteorites, as Angra dos Reis, RJ. (Angrite), Ibitira, MG. (Vesicular Eucrite), Governador Valadares, MG. (Nakhlite), Santa Catarina (Ni richest ataxite), São João Nepomuceno (IVA stony-iron) and Bocaiuva, MG (silicate rich iron) which performs more than 10% of the Brazilian meteorites.

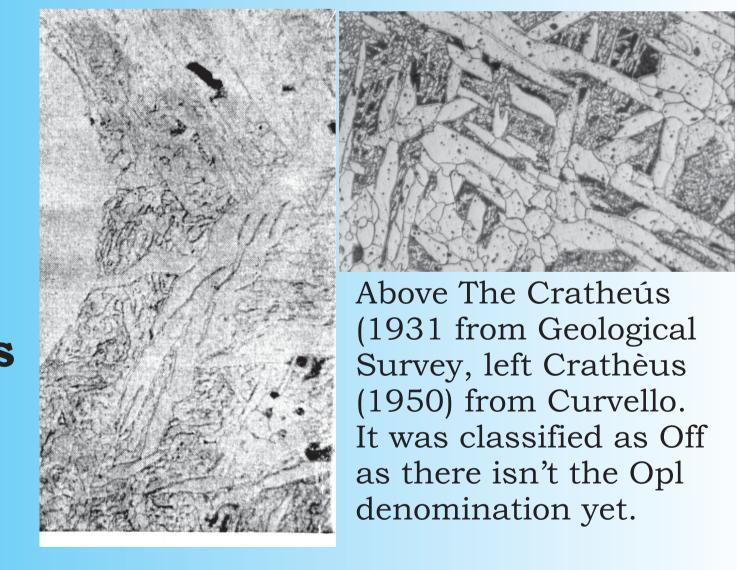


In spite of many talks been performed in special to amateurs astronomers groups and Universities, the lack of the knowledge by the great population induces to its barely contribution with few new meteorites recovery. Therefore, a country with such continental dimension as Brazil, only has 54 registers, with the Minas Gerais State (MG) detecting about a third of them, due to native population interest in ore discovery.

Paired or not?

Angra dos Reis \(\neq \) Pirapora Barbacena \(\neq \) Barbacena Cacilândia = Paranaíba Indianópolis \neq Santa Luzia Crathèus (1931) = Pará de Minas

% Ni Ga Ge Ir ppm Pará de Minas 7.99 2.21 0.125 2.3 Crathèus(1931)7.72 2.19 0.108 2.3 (Schaudy et al 1972)



With retired curators

Bocaiuva S. José do Rio Preto Avanhandava?

Without Informations

Angra dos Reis iron Cacilandia Paracutu Piedade do Bagre

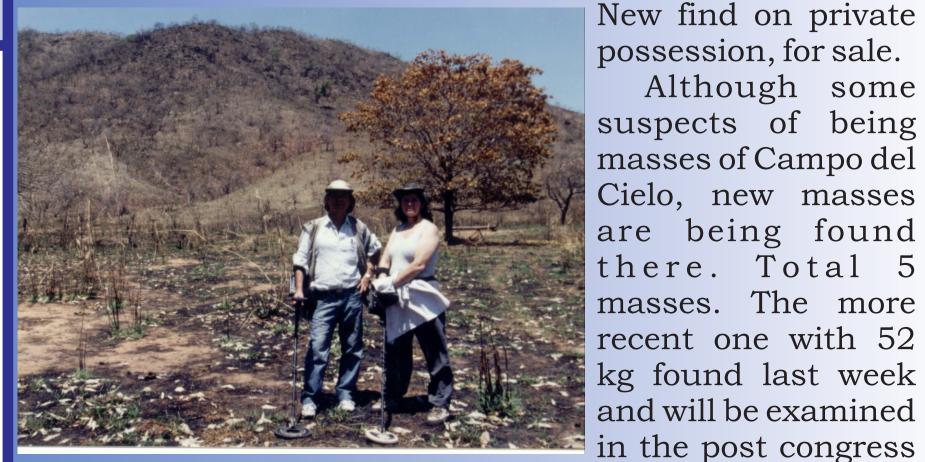
Visists to fall/finds localities



The Village of **Morro Cavado** (Patrimônio). The place where one fragment fell.

Given coord: 19° 36" S; 48°34" W Correct coord: 21° 02" S; 46° 17" W

Uruaçu



field trip to Goiania. One of authors and Mr. Carvalho searcing for new masses at Uruaçu.

Nacional/UFRJ, Rio de Janeiro, involve: geologists, astronomers, students as well as amateur astronomers interested in such a matter in Brazil. Even without any financial support it has some progress with twelve new meteorites become to the knowledge of Science. There are still two new meteorites to be analyzed and many known mistakes pointed out by Buchwald [1] that are still unsolved waiting for informations and better descriptions with modern analytical data. No one of Brazilian meteorites has the strewnfield determined, not even more recent shower as Campos Sales (1991). Most of Brazi-lian meteorites have only a sample recovered, indeed single falls being

The research project "Brazilian

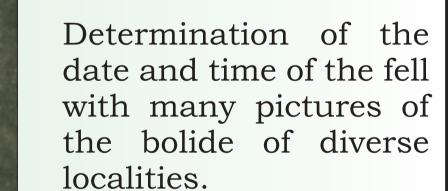
Meteorites" carrying out in Museu

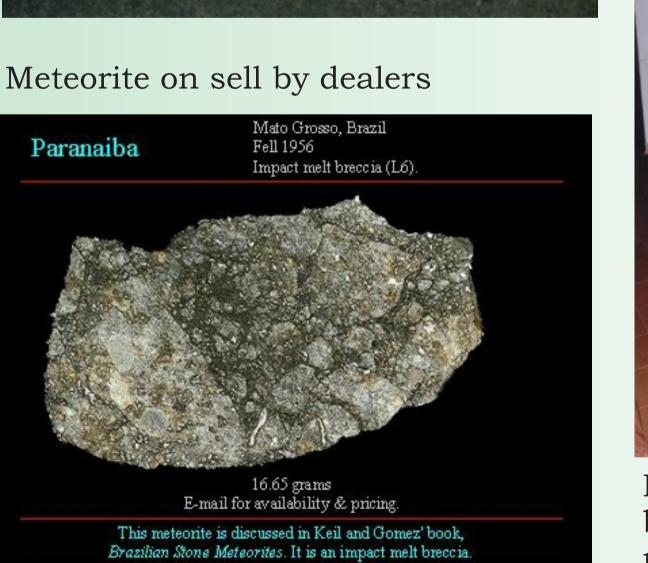
On visit to the localities former divulgated [2] someone realizes that the foreign dealers had been there before.

a very rare event.

With the Paranaíba a dealer mislead the elderly meteorite owner substituting the authentic meteorite by a "hot rock". Even in Universities and small collections some meteorites had lost. (e.g. 20 kg of Conquista from UFMG and quite the whole Djalma Guimarães Collection). Some Universities had the meteorites in private possession of the retired curator for protection. Many places of known fall were visited trying to find more samples, but the only award is the correct historical data. These will be published soon in the book concerning Brazilian Meteorites by the authors.

Paranaíba





Elderly properties fool by someone with a hot rock

Patos de Minas II

Although some

Paranaiba

A new mass of about 50 kg was found near Patos de Minas. Its structure is identical of Patos de Minas (octahedrite). Unhappily our research program has no financial support even for a chemical analysis

References: [1] Buchwald, F.V. (1975). Handbook of Iron Meteorites. [2] Gomes, C.B. & Keil, K. (1980). Brazilian Stone Meteorites. Univ. of **New Mexico Press.**

Disappeared from Universities and Public Institutions or private

Conquista(main mass) - with dealers Soledade(?) - with dealers Paranaíba(one mass) - with dealers Parambu(one mass) - disappeared Iguaraçu(one mass) - disappeared

Conquista

H4 STONE. SLICE. 408 grams: 90 x 80 x 250 mm. The main mass of Conquista, about 20 kg. Some large specimens figure with dealers

the witness of Conquista fell at the place where only a mass was recovered